

Khalsa Primary School

Our Vision

At Khalsa Primary we are helping our children grow in mind, body and spirit.

We aim for excellence in academic, emotional and spiritual areas of understanding.

Our children learn how to work with passion, ethics, honesty and self-discipline.

They share their skills in service to the community, with love and without discrimination.

They learn gratitude and self-discovery through learning how to connect with God.

The whole school community aspires to work together as a genuine team, basing our daily practice in the five Sikh values of love, compassion, contentment, humility and truth

Everyone is welcome at Khalsa



Khalsa Framework to help us deliver our Vision

The Four Ofsted Areas of Evaluation	The Three Pillars of Sikhism & Khalsa
1) Achievement of Pupils	1KK) Beyond Academic Achievement – Kirat Karni
Progress	Learning how to work:
Attainment	With passion, ethics, honesty and self-discipline
❖ SEND	← →
❖ EYFS data	
2) Quality of Teaching	2VC) Beyond Self – Vand Chakna
Teaching strategies	❖ Community living:
Learning	Sharing our skills in service (Seva) with love and without
Learning over time	discrimination
Teaching Assistants	
3) Behaviour and Safety	3NJ) Beyond the Surface - Naam Japna
Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural (SMSC)	↑ Towards the spiritual:
❖ Behaviour	Learning gratitude and self-discovery through meditation on a
Attendance	journey towards purity of spirit through connecting with God
❖ Safety	
4) Leadership & Management	4K) Khalsa
Vision & School Strategic Planning	Working together as a genuine, free community of people, in:
Monitoring and evaluation	❖ Love (Pyar)
Teacher Standards	❖ Compassion (Daya)
Curriculum	❖ Contentment (Santokh)
Capacity to lead improvement	Humility (Nimarta)
❖ Governance	Truth (Sat)
Pupil preparation for democracy	
Parent engagement	
Partnership with other agencies	
❖ Safeguarding	
5. Premises	
Health and Safety	
❖ Buildings	
Grounds	

The Sikh Ethos

The fundamental belief of Sikhism is that all of humanity is equal regardless of gender, faith, creed and caste, and the respect for one another's values and customs are the right of every individual without oppression or segregation from society.

The founder teacher of the Sikh faith Guru Nanak said that a Sikh should be like a lotus flower, who should remain clear and pure like the lotus flower(in thought and actions) and the water and green leaves that surrounds a Sikh are the various societies in which a Sikh should live within and remain unique in their identity and live as an integral part of society whilst maintaining their uniqueness, whilst sharing with society (its fragrances) without discrimination (flow with the currents or nature) and without pride.

On the religious principles of Sikhism, Sikhism teaches that there is only 'one' supreme Lord who has many names, and some call this supreme Lord Waheguru, Allah, God, Shiva, Ram, Buddha, Jehovah, etc.

The 3 Principles of Sikhism

- Naam Japna Meditation on the Divine Name with love and devotion.
 - **Kirat Karna** Honest earning of bread with dignity and labour.
 - Vand Shakna To share the fruits of earnings with the needy.